Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Fixer

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Fixer

UFI: 2200-U0CW-500H-QNNN

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture

Automotive care products

Uses advised against

Any non-intended use.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: CarPro Global Limited.
Street: No. 10, Atocia Street
Place: M-2120 Hamrun. Malta
E-mail (Contact person): safety@carpro.global

Further Information

Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (amended by Regulation (EU) No 2020/878)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Asp. Tox. 1; H304

Full text of hazard statements: see SECTION 16.

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Hazard components for labelling

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha
Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light; Kerosine - unspecified
White mineral oil (petroleum)

Signal word: Danger

Pictograms:



Hazard statements

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary statements

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102 Keep out of reach of children.
P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
P405 Store locked up.
P501 Dispose of contents/container to local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

The substances in the mixture (> 0.1%) do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII. This product does not contain a substance (> 0,1%) that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to humans as no components meets the criteria. This product does not contain a substance (> 0,1 %) that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components

CAS No	Chemical name			Quantity
	EC No	Index No	REACH No	
	Classification (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008)			
64742-48-9	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha			10 - < 12 %
	265-150-3	649-327-00-6		
	Asp. Tox. 1; H304			
64742-47-8	Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light; Kerosine - unspecified			5 - < 7 %
	265-149-8	649-422-00-2		
	Asp. Tox. 1; H304			
8042-47-5	White mineral oil (petroleum)			3 - < 5 %
	232-455-8			
	Asp. Tox. 1; H304			

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE

CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	Quantity
	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE		
64742-48-9	265-150-3	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha	10 - < 12 %
	dermal: LD50 = >2000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = >5000 mg/kg		
64742-47-8	265-149-8	Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light; Kerosine - unspecified	5 - < 7 %
	inhalation: LC50 = (> 5,3) mg/l (vapours); dermal: LD50 = > 2000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = > 5000 mg/kg		
8042-47-5	232-455-8	White mineral oil (petroleum)	3 - < 5 %
	inhalation: LC50 = >5 mg/l (dusts or mists); dermal: LD50 = >2000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = >5000 mg/kg		

Labelling for contents according to Regulation (EC) No 648/2004

15 % - < 30 % aliphatic hydrocarbons.

Further Information

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha (CAS-No.: 64742-48-9) Note P: The harmonised classification as a carcinogen or mutagen applies unless it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0.1 % w/w benzene (Einecs No 200-753-7).

Product does not contain listed SVHC substances > 0.1 % according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Article 59 (REACH)

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

After inhalation

In case of accident by inhalation: remove casualty to fresh air and keep at rest. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician.

After contact with skin

Gently wash with plenty of soap and water. In case of skin irritation, seek medical treatment.

After contact with eyes

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. In case of troubles or persistent symptoms, consult an ophthalmologist.

After ingestion

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Let water be drunken in little sips (dilution effect). Do NOT induce vomiting. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See sections 2 and 11

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide (CO_2). Dry extinguishing powder. Alcohol resistant foam. Atomized water.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

High power water jet.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Can be released in case of fire: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO_2). Nitrogen oxides (NO_x).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Additional information

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water. Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General advice

Safe handling: see section 7

For non-emergency personnel

Wear personal protection equipment (refer to section 8).

For emergency responders

No special measures are necessary.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

Absorb with liquid-binding material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents). Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal.

For cleaning up

Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7

Personal protection equipment: see section 8
Disposal: see section 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling
Wear suitable protective clothing. See section 8.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion
Usual measures for fire prevention.

Advice on general occupational hygiene
Always close containers tightly after the removal of product. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

Further information on handling
General protection and hygiene measures: See section 8.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels
Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Hints on joint storage
Do not store together with: Explosives. Oxidizing solids. Oxidizing liquids. Radioactive substances. Infectious substances. Food and animal feedingstuff.

Further information on storage conditions
Keep the packing dry and well sealed to prevent contamination and absorbtion of humidity.
Recommended storage temperature: 20 °C
Protect against: frost. UV-radiation/sunlight. heat. Humidity

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See section 1.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fib/cm³	Category	Origin
1344-28-1	Aluminium oxides, total inhalable dust	-	10		TWA (8 h)	
-	Mineral Oil pure, highly & severely refined (Inhalable)	-	5		TWA (8 h)	
102-71-6	Triethanolamine	-	5		TWA (8 h)	

PNEC values

CAS No	Substance
Environmental compartment	Value
1344-28-1	aluminium oxide
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)	20 mg/l

8.2. Exposure controls



Appropriate engineering controls

Technical measures and the application of suitable work processes have priority over personal protection equipment.
Provide adequate ventilation.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses; chemical goggles (if splashing is possible). EN 166

Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves.
Suitable material:
FKM (fluororubber). - Thickness of glove material: 0,4 mm
Breakthrough time >= 8 h
Butyl rubber. - Thickness of glove material: 0,5 mm
Breakthrough time >= 8 h
CR (polychloroprenes, Chloroprene rubber). - Thickness of glove material: 0,5 mm
Breakthrough time >= 8 h
NBR (Nitrile rubber). - Thickness of glove material: 0,35 mm
Breakthrough time >= 8 h
PVC (Polyvinyl chloride). - Thickness of glove material: 0,5 mm
Breakthrough time >= 8 h
For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.
The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive EC/2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.
Check leak tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well.

Skin protection

Suitable protective clothing: Lab apron.

Respiratory protection

With correct and proper use, and under normal conditions, breathing protection is not required.
Respiratory protection necessary at:
-Exceeding exposure limit values
-Insufficient ventilation and aerosol or mist formation
Suitable respiratory protective equipment: particulates filter device (DIN EN 143). type: P1-3
Half-face mask or quarter facepiece: maximum use concentration for substances with exposure limits: P1 filter: up to a max. of 4 times the exposure limit. P2 filter: up to a max. of 10 times the exposure limit. P3 filter: up to a max. of 30 times the expo.
The filter class must be suitable for the maximum contaminant concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If the concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used.

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	liquid
Colour:	white
Odour:	Petroleum
Odour threshold:	not determined

	Test method
Melting point/freezing point:	not determined

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	100 °C	
Flammability:	not determined	
Lower explosion limits:	not determined	
Upper explosion limits:	not determined	
Flash point:	95 °C	N/A
Auto-ignition temperature:	not determined	
Decomposition temperature:	not relevant	
pH-Value (at 20 °C):	8,5	
Viscosity / kinematic:	~19182 mm²/s	
Water solubility:	not determined	

Solubility in other solvents

not determined

Dissolution rate:	not relevant
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:	not relevant
Dispersion stability:	not relevant
Vapour pressure:	not determined
Density:	not determined
Bulk density:	not relevant
Relative vapour density:	not determined
Particle characteristics:	not relevant

9.2. Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties

none

Sustaining combustion:	Not sustaining combustion

Self-ignition temperature

Solid:	not relevant
Gas:	not relevant

Oxidizing properties

none

Other safety characteristics

Evaporation rate:	not determined
Solvent separation test:	not determined
Solvent content:	not determined
Solid content:	not determined
Sublimation point:	not relevant
Softening point:	not relevant
Pour point:	not relevant
Viscosity / dynamic:	not determined
Flow time:	not determined

Further Information

No information available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No information available.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under recommended conditions of storage, use and temperature.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Refer to chapter 10.5.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Protect against: UV-radiation/sunlight. heat.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Reducing agent. Oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Does not decompose when used for intended uses.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Toxicocinetics, metabolism and distribution

No data available.

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

ATEmix calculated

ATE (oral) > 2000 mg/kg; ATE (dermal) > 2000 mg/kg; ATE (inhalation vapour) > 20 mg/l; ATE (inhalation dust/mist) > 5 mg/l

CAS No	Chemical name				
	Exposure route	Dose	Species	Source	Method
64742-48-9	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha				
	oral	LD50 >5000 mg/kg	Rat	ECHA Dossier	
	dermal	LD50 >2000 mg/kg	Rabbit	ECHA Dossier	
64742-47-8	Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light; Kerosine - unspecified				
	oral	LD50 > 5000 mg/kg	Rat	ECHA Dossier	
	dermal	LD50 > 2000 mg/kg	Rabbit.	ECHA Dossier	
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50 (> 5,3) mg/l	Rat	ECHA Dossier	
8042-47-5	White mineral oil (petroleum)				
	oral	LD50 >5000 mg/kg	Rat	ECHA Dossier	
	dermal	LD50 >2000 mg/kg	Rabbit.	ECHA Dossier	
	inhalation (4 h) dust/mist	LC50 >5 mg/l	Rat	ECHA Dossier	

Irritation and corrosivity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha (CAS-No.:: 64742-48-9): In-vitro mutagenicity: Method: OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test) ; Result: negative. Literature information: REACH Dossier; Carcinogenicity: Method: (dermal.) OECD Guideline 451

(Carcinogenicity Studies); Species: Mouse.; Length of test: 2 years; Result: negative. Literature information: REACH Dossier; Reproductive toxicity: Method: OECD Guideline 416 (Two-Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study); Species: Rat; Result: NOAEL >= 20000 mg/kg; Literature information: REACH Dossier Developmental toxicity/teratogenicity: Method: OECD Guideline 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study); Species: Rat Result: NOAEL = 239000 mg/kg; Literature information: REACH Dossier

Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light; Kerosine - unspecified (CAS-No.:: 64742-47-8):
In vitro mutagenicity/genotoxicity:
Method: OECD Guideline 479 (Genetic Toxicology: In Vitro Sister Chromatid Exchange Assay in Mammalian Cells) , OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test), OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay); Result: negative. Literature information: REACH Dossier
In vivo mutagenicity/genotoxicity:
Method: OECD Guideline 475 (Mammalian Bone Marrow Chromosome Aberration Test), OECD Guideline 478 (Genetic Toxicology: Rodent Dominant Lethal Test); Result: negative.;nLiterature information: REACH Dossier
Reproductive toxicity:
Method:-; Species: Sprague-Dawley Rat; Exposure route : oral; Result: NOAEL > 1500 mg/kg; Literature information: REACH Dossier
Developmental toxicity/teratogenicity:
Method:OECD Guideline 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study); Species: Sprague-Dawley Rat ; Exposure route: oral; Result: NOAEL = 1000 mg/kg; Literature information: REACH Dossier

White mineral oil (petroleum) (CAS-No.:: 8042-47-5):
In-vitro mutagenicity: Method: OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay); Result: negative.; Literature information: REACH Dossier; Carcinogenicity: Method: (oral.) OECD Guideline 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies); Species: Rat; Length of test: 2 years; Result: NOAEL = 1200 mg/kg; Literature information: REACH Dossier ; Reproductive toxicity: Method: OECD Guideline 421 (Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test); Species: Rat ; Results: NOAEL >= 1000 mg/kg. Literature information: REACH Dossier; Developmental toxicity/teratogenicity: Method: OECD Guideline 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study); Species: Rat; Results: NOAEL >= 5000 mg/kg; Literature information: REACH Dossier

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha (CAS-No.:: 64742-48-9):
Subchronic inhalative toxicity:
Method: OECD Guideline 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity / Carcinogenicity Studies); Exposure time: 2 years; Species: Rat; Results: NOAEC = 1402 mg/m3; Literature information: REACH Dossier

Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light; Kerosine - unspecified (CAS-No.:: 64742-47-8):
Subchronic oral toxicity: Method:-; Species: Sprague-Dawley Rat ;Exposure duration: 90d; Result: NOAEL = 750 mg/kg ; Literature information: REACH Dossier; Subchronic inhalation toxicity: Method:OECD Guideline 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day); Species: Mouse; Exposure duration: 90d; Result: NOAEC = 1000 mg/kg; Literature information: REACH Dossier; Subchronic oral toxicity: Method: OECD Guideline 410 (Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-Day Study); Species: Sprague-Dawley Rat ; Exposure duration: 28d; Result: NOAEC = 0,5 ml/kg; Literature information: REACH Dossier

White mineral oil (petroleum) (CAS-No.:: 8042-47-5):
White mineral oil (petroleum):

Subchronic oral toxicity: Method: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) Species: Rat ; Results: NOAEL = 20000 ppm. Literature information: REACH Dossier; Subchronic dermal toxicity: Method: OECD Guideline 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-day Study); Species: Rat.; Results: NOAEL >2000 mg/kg; Literature information: REACH Dossier

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Specific effects in experiment on an animal

No data available.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance (> 0,1%) that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to humans as no components meets the criteria.

Other information

No data available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

The product has not been tested.

CAS No	Chemical name					
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose	[h] | [d]	Species	Source	Method
64742-47-8	Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light; Kerosine - unspecified					
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 EL50: 1-3 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	ECHA Dossier	
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 EL50: 1,4 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	ECHA Dossier	
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC (0,48) mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	ECHA Dossier	
8042-47-5	White mineral oil (petroleum)					
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 LL50: >1000 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	ECHA Dossier	
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 LL50: >100 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	ECHA Dossier	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

The product has not been tested.

CAS No	Chemical name			
	Method	Value	d	Source
	Evaluation			
64742-47-8	Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light; Kerosine - unspecified			
	OECD 301F / ISO 9408 / EEC 92/69 annex V, C.4-D	61	28	ECHA Dossier

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No indication of bioaccumulation potential.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.
The aforementioned statement applies to substances contained in the product with a minimum content of 0.1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.
The aforementioned statement applies to substances contained in the product with a minimum content of 0.1%.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

Further information

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal recommendations

Observe in addition any national regulations! Consult the local waste disposal expert about waste disposal.
Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.
According to (EWC) European Waste Catalogue, allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out in a specific way for every industry and process.
Control report for waste code/ waste marking according to (EWC) European Waste Catalogue:

List of Wastes Code - residues/unused products

200129 MUNICIPAL WASTES (HOUSEHOLD WASTE AND SIMILAR COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL WASTES) INCLUDING SEPARATELY COLLECTED FRACTIONS; separately collected fractions (except 15 01); detergents containing hazardous substances; hazardous waste

List of Wastes Code - used product

200129 MUNICIPAL WASTES (HOUSEHOLD WASTE AND SIMILAR COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL WASTES) INCLUDING SEPARATELY COLLECTED FRACTIONS; separately collected fractions (except 15 01); detergents containing hazardous substances; hazardous waste

List of Wastes Code - contaminated packaging

150110 WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED; packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste); packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances; hazardous waste

Contaminated packaging

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	No dangerous good in sense of these transport regulations.
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	No dangerous good in sense of these transport regulations.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	No dangerous good in sense of these transport regulations.
14.4. Packing group:	No dangerous good in sense of these transport regulations.

Inland waterways transport (ADN)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	No dangerous good in sense of these transport regulations.
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	No dangerous good in sense of these transport regulations.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	No dangerous good in sense of these transport regulations.
14.4. Packing group:	No dangerous good in sense of these transport regulations.

Marine transport (IMDG)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	No dangerous good in sense of these transport regulations.
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	No dangerous good in sense of these transport regulations.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	No dangerous good in sense of these transport regulations.

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	No dangerous good in sense of these transport regulations.
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	No dangerous good in sense of these transport regulations.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	No dangerous good in sense of these transport regulations.

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

refer to chapter 6 - 8

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

not relevant

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulatory information

Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII):

Entry 3, Entry 75

Directive 2010/75/EU on industrial emissions:	not determined
Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC in paints and varnishes:	not determined
Information according to Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III):	Not subject to 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III)

Additional information

Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (amended by Regulation (EU) No 2020/878)
The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].
REACH 1907/2006 Appendix XVII, No (mixture): 3

National regulatory information

Employment restrictions:	Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).
Water hazard class (D):	1 - slightly hazardous to water

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Changes

Rev. 1,00; 11.04.2014, Initial release
Rev. 1,10; 12.03.2015, Change of the composition, Changes in chapter: 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 11, 12, 15, 16.
Rev. 1,20; 06.07.2016, Changes in chapter: 2, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 13, 14, 15, 16.
Rev. 2,00; 27.12.2017, Changes in chapter: 2-16.
Rev. 2,1; 20.04.2021, Changes in chapter: 1-16.
Rev. 2,2; 31.03.2023, Changes in chapter: 1 - 3, 6, 8 - 12, 16
Rev. 2,3; 19.01.2024, Changes in chapter: 1, 16

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
AGW: Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
CLP: Classification, Labelling and Packaging of substances and mixtures
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
d: day(s)
EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances
ELINCS: European LIst of Notified Chemical Substances
ECHA: European Chemicals Agency
EWC: European Waste Catalogue
IARC: INTERNATIONAL AGENCY FOR RESEARCH ON CANCER
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
IATA: International Air Transport Association
IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA)
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO)
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
GefStoffV: Gefahrstoffverordnung (Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany)
h: hour
LOAEL: Lowest observed adverse effect level
LOAEC: Lowest observed adverse effect concentration
LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent
LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent
NOAEL: No observed adverse effect level
NOAEC: No observed adverse effect concentration
NLP: No-Longer Polymers
N/A: not applicable
OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
PNEC: predicted no effect concentration
PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative toxic
RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail
REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation of Chemicals
SVHC: substance of very high concern
TRGS: Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe
UN: United Nations
VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds
WGK: Water Hazard Class (Germany)
Asp. Tox: Aspiration hazard

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification	Classification procedure
Asp. Tox. 1; H304	Calculation method

Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Further Information

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.

(The data for the relevant ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)