Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Tar-X

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Tar-X

UFI: GP00-D06P-900X-CXQH

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture

Automotive care products

Uses advised against

Any non-intended use.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name:	CarPro Global Limited.
Street:	No. 10, Atocia Street
Place:	M-2120 Hamrun. Malta
E-mail (Contact person):	safety@carpro.global

Further Information

Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (amended by Regulation (EU) No 2020/878)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Flam. Liq. 3; H226
Asp. Tox. 1; H304
Skin Irrit. 2; H315
Eye Dam. 1; H318
Skin Sens. 1; H317
STOT SE 3; H335
Aquatic Chronic 2; H411

Full text of hazard statements: see SECTION 16.

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Hazard components for labelling

ethyl lactate; ethyl DL-lactate
Orange, sweet, ext.

Signal word: Danger

Pictograms:



Hazard statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P501	Dispose of contents/container to local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.
The substances in the mixture (> 0.1%) do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.
This product does not contain a substance (> 0,1%) that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to humans as no components meets the criteria. This product does not contain a substance (> 0,1 %) that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components

CAS No	Chemical name			Quantity
	EC No	Index No	REACH No	
	Classification (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008)			
97-64-3	ethyl lactate; ethyl DL-lactate			70 - < 75 %
	202-598-0	607-129-00-7		
	Flam. Liq. 3, Eye Dam. 1, STOT SE 3; H226 H318 H335			
8028-48-6	Orange, sweet, ext.			30 - < 35 %
	232-433-8			
	Flam. Liq. 3, Skin Irrit. 2, Skin Sens. 1, Asp. Tox. 1, Aquatic Chronic 2; H226 H315 H317 H304 H411			

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE

CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	Quantity
	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE		
97-64-3	202-598-0	ethyl lactate; ethyl DL-lactate	70 - < 75 %
	dermal: LD50 = > 5000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = 8200 mg/kg		
8028-48-6	232-433-8	Orange, sweet, ext.	30 - < 35 %
	dermal: LD50 = > 5000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = > 5000 mg/kg		

Labelling for contents according to Regulation (EC) No 648/2004

perfumes (Limonene).

Further Information

Product does not contain listed SVHC substances > 0.1 % according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Article 59 (REACH)

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

After inhalation

In case of accident by inhalation: remove casualty to fresh air and keep at rest. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician.

After contact with skin

Gently wash with plenty of soap and water. In case of skin irritation, seek medical treatment.

After contact with eyes

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. In case of troubles or persistent symptoms, consult an ophthalmologist.

After ingestion

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Let water be drunken in little sips (dilution effect). Do NOT induce vomiting. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See sections 2 and 11

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry extinguishing powder. Alcohol resistant foam. Atomized water.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

High power water jet.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Can be released in case of fire: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Additional information

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water. Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General advice

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate affected area.
Do not breathe gas/vapour/aerosol. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.

For non-emergency personnel

Wear personal protection equipment (refer to section 8).

For emergency responders

No special measures are necessary.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

Absorb with liquid-binding material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).
Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal.

For cleaning up

Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Handling and storage: Refer to section 7
Personal protection equipment: see section 8
Disposal: see section 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Provide adequate ventilation as well as local exhaustion at critical locations.
Wear suitable protective clothing. (See section 8.)

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from sources of ignition. - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Flammable vapours can accumulate in head space of closed systems. In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Always close containers tightly after the removal of product. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

Further information on handling

General protection and hygiene measures: See section 8.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Protect against direct sunlight.
Ensure adequate ventilation of the storage area.
Make sure spills can be contained (e.g. sump pallets or kerbed areas).

Hints on joint storage

Do not store together with: Gas. Explosives. Flammable solids. Pyrophoric liquids and solids. Self-heating substances and mixtures. Substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases. Oxidizing liquids. Oxidizing solids. ammonium nitrate. Self-reactive substances and mixtures. Organic peroxides. Non-combustible toxic substances. Radioactive substances. Infectious substances.

Further information on storage conditions

Keep the packing dry and well sealed to prevent contamination and absorbtion of humidity.
Protect against: UV-radiation/sunlight. heat. Humidity frost.
storage temperature: 15-25°C

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See section 1.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Additional advice on limit values

To date, no national critical limit values exist.

8.2. Exposure controls






Appropriate engineering controls

Technical measures and the application of suitable work processes have priority over personal protection equipment.
Provide adequate ventilation.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses; chemical goggles (if splashing is possible). EN 166

Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves.
Suitable material:
FKM (fluororubber). - Thickness of glove material: 0,4 mm
Breakthrough time >= 8 h
Butyl rubber. - Thickness of glove material: 0,5 mm
Breakthrough time >= 8 h
CR (polychloroprenes, Chloroprene rubber). - Thickness of glove material: 0,5 mm
Breakthrough time >= 8 h
NBR (Nitrile rubber). - Thickness of glove material: 0,35 mm
Breakthrough time >= 8 h
PVC (Polyvinyl chloride). - Thickness of glove material: 0,5 mm
Breakthrough time >= 8 h
For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.
The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive EC/2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.
Check leak tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well.

Skin protection

Suitable protective clothing: Lab apron.

Respiratory protection

With correct and proper use, and under normal conditions, breathing protection is not required.
Respiratory protection necessary at:
-Exceeding exposure limit values
-Insufficient ventilation and aerosol or mist formation
Suitable respiratory protective equipment: particulates filter device (DIN EN 143). type: P1-3
The filter class must be suitable for the maximum contaminant concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If the concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used.

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	liquid	
Colour:	transparent	
Odour:	characteristic	
Odour threshold:	not determined	
Melting point/freezing point:		not determined
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:		70 °C
Flammability:		not determined
Lower explosion limits:		not determined
Upper explosion limits:		not determined

Flash point:	48 °C
Auto-ignition temperature:	not determined
Decomposition temperature:	not relevant
pH-Value:	not determined
Viscosity / kinematic:	not determined
Water solubility:	not determined

Solubility in other solvents

not determined

Dissolution rate:	not relevant
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:	not relevant
Dispersion stability:	not relevant
Vapour pressure:	not determined
Density:	not determined
Bulk density:	not relevant
Relative vapour density:	not determined
Particle characteristics:	not relevant

9.2. Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties

In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Sustaining combustion:	No data available

Self-ignition temperature

Solid:	not relevant
Gas:	not determined

Oxidizing properties

none

Other safety characteristics

Evaporation rate:	not determined
Solvent separation test:	not determined
Solvent content:	not determined
Solid content:	not determined
Sublimation point:	not relevant
Softening point:	not relevant
Pour point:	not relevant
Viscosity / dynamic:	not determined
Flow time:	not determined

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No information available.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under recommended conditions of storage, use and temperature.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reaction when handled and stored according to provisions.
Refer to chapter 10.5.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Protect against: UV-radiation/sunlight. heat. moisture.
In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.
Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Oxidizing agents, strong. Reducing agents, strong. Strong acid. strong alkalis.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Does not decompose when used for intended uses.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Toxicocinetics, metabolism and distribution

No data available.

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

ATEmix calculated

ATE (oral) > 2000 mg/kg; ATE (dermal) > 2000 mg/kg; ATE (inhalation vapour) > 20 mg/l; ATE (inhalation dust/mist) > 5 mg/l

CAS No	Chemical name				
	Exposure route	Dose	Species	Source	Method
97-64-3	ethyl lactate; ethyl DL-lactate				
	oral	LD50 8200 mg/kg	Rat	ChemID	
	dermal	LD50 > 5000 mg/kg	Rabbit	ChemID	
8028-48-6	Orange, sweet, ext.				
	oral	LD50 > 5000 mg/kg	Rat.	REACH Dossier	OECD Guideline 401
	dermal	LD50 > 5000 mg/kg	Rabbit	REACH Dossier	OECD Guideline 402

Irritation and corrosivity

Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye damage.

Sensitising effects

May cause an allergic skin reaction. (Orange, sweet, ext.)

Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. (ethyl lactate; ethyl DL-lactate)

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Specific effects in experiment on an animal

No data available.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance (> 0,1%) that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to humans as no components meets the criteria.

Other information

No data available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

The product has not been tested.

CAS No	Chemical name						
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h] | [d]	Species	Source	Method
97-64-3	ethyl lactate; ethyl DL-lactate						
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	2500	96 h	Selenastrum capricornutum	EPA	
8028-48-6	Orange, sweet, ext.						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	5,65	96 h	Danio rerio	REACH Dossier	OECD Guideline 203
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	150 mg/l	72 h	Desmodesmus subspicatus	REACH Dossier	OECD Guideline 201
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	1,1 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	REACH Dossier	OECD Guideline 202

12.2. Persistence and degradability

The product has not been tested.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
97-64-3	ethyl lactate; ethyl DL-lactate	-0,18
8028-48-6	Orange, sweet, ext.	2,78 - 4,88

BCF

CAS No	Chemical name	BCF	Species	Source
8028-48-6	Orange, sweet, ext.	361		

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.
The aforementioned statement applies to substances contained in the product with a minimum content of 0.1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.
The aforementioned statement applies to substances contained in the product with a minimum content of 0.1%.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

Further information

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal recommendations

Observe in addition any national regulations! Consult the local waste disposal expert about waste disposal.
Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

According to (EWC) European Waste Catalogue, allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out in a specific way for every industry and process.
Control report for waste code/ waste marking according to (EWC) European Waste Catalogue:

List of Wastes Code - residues/unused products

160305 WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST; off-specification batches and unused products; organic wastes containing hazardous substances; hazardous waste

List of Wastes Code - used product

160305 WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST; off-specification batches and unused products; organic wastes containing hazardous substances; hazardous waste

List of Wastes Code - contaminated packaging

150110 WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED; packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste); packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances; hazardous waste

Contaminated packaging

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 1993
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethyl lactate; ethyl DL-lactate, Orange, sweet, ext.)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3
14.4. Packing group:	III
Hazard label:	3



Classification code:	F1
Special Provisions:	274 601
Limited quantity:	5 L
Excepted quantity:	E1
Transport category:	3
Hazard No:	30
Tunnel restriction code:	D/E

Inland waterways transport (ADN)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 1993
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethyl lactate; ethyl DL-lactate, Orange, sweet, ext.)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3
14.4. Packing group:	III
Hazard label:	3



Classification code:	F1
Special Provisions:	274 601
Limited quantity:	5 L
Excepted quantity:	E1

Marine transport (IMDG)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 1993

14.2. UN proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethyl lactate; ethyl DL-lactate, Orange, sweet, ext.)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 3

14.4. Packing group: III

Hazard label: 3



Marine pollutant: YES
Special Provisions: 223 274 955
Limited quantity: 5 L
Excepted quantity: E1
EmS: F-E, S-E

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number or ID number: UN 1993

14.2. UN proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethyl lactate; ethyl DL-lactate, Orange, sweet, ext.)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 3

14.4. Packing group: III

Hazard label: 3



Special Provisions: A3
Limited quantity Passenger: 10 L
Passenger LQ: Y344
Excepted quantity: E1
IATA-packing instructions - Passenger: 355
IATA-max. quantity - Passenger: 60 L
IATA-packing instructions - Cargo: 366
IATA-max. quantity - Cargo: 220 L

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: Yes



Danger releasing substance: Orange, sweet, ext.

14.6. Special precautions for user

refer to chapter 6 - 8

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

not relevant

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulatory information

Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII):
Entry 3, Entry 40, Entry 75

Directive 2010/75/EU on industrial emissions: No information available.

Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC in paints and varnishes: No information available.

Information according to Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III):	E2 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment
Additional information:	P5c

Additional information

Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (amended by Regulation (EU) No 2020/878)
The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].
REACH 1907/2006 Appendix XVII, No (mixture): 3

National regulatory information

Employment restrictions:	Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).
Water hazard class (D):	3 - highly hazardous to water

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For this substance a chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Changes

Rev. 1,00; Initial release: 14.04.2014
Rev. 1,01; 23.05.2014
Rev. 1,02; 22.10.2014, Change of the composition Changes in chapter: 2, 3, 11, 12, 14, 15.
Rev. 2,00; 20.04.2021, Changes in chapter: 1-16
Rev. 2,2; 04.04.2023, Changes in chapter: 1, 2, 6, 8 - 12, 15, 16

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
CLP: Classification, Labelling and Packaging of substances and mixtures
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
d: day(s)
EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances
ELINCS: European LIst of Notified Chemical Substances
ECHA: European Chemicals Agency
EWC: European Waste Catalogue
IARC: INTERNATIONAL AGENCY FOR RESEARCH ON CANCER
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
IATA: International Air Transport Association
IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA)
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO)
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
GefStoffV: Gefahrstoffverordnung (Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany)
h: hour
LOAEL: Lowest observed adverse effect level
LOAEC: Lowest observed adverse effect concentration
LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent
LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent
NOAEL: No observed adverse effect level
NOAEC: No observed adverse effect concentration
NLP: No-Longer Polymers
N/A: not applicable
OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
PNEC: predicted no effect concentration
PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative toxic
RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation of Chemicals
SVHC: substance of very high concern
TRGS: Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe
UN: United Nations
VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds
WGK: Water Hazard Class (Germany)
Flam. Liq: Flammable liquid
Asp. Tox: Aspiration hazard
Skin Irrit: Skin irritation
Eye Dam: Eye damage
Skin Sens: Skin sensitisation
STOT SE: Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
Aquatic Chronic: Chronic aquatic hazard

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification	Classification procedure
Flam. Liq. 3; H226	On basis of test data
Asp. Tox. 1; H304	Calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2; H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1; H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1; H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3; H335	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	Calculation method

Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Further Information

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.

(The data for the relevant ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)